mesmes / a. d. / (1) Histy of Wetherlands we 2 Exact COPY OF FROMTHE fishing in ad or figuous : COUNTDAVAUX MOR GHRISTIAN MAJESTIES Ambaffador ATTHE September and Control Brough vada 1 2 a Dated the oth of 7ANUART 1684, nd Dreded to the KING his MASTER, which was hercepted by the Marquels DE GRANA Governour of the Spanish Netberlands. As also the Copies of other Three tors relating to the fame Affair. teal. Such the mark the properties of the second for the encrove two as ago to make known so your Mijers that the Lords of Active the delired that I would by a Michorial to the States general, make thrown those good Sentiments which your Majesty hath taken up for the sest and quier of that republic in case the Spaniar ds should let pass without effect, the prefixed time of the Month of the bott that I had refused to present such a Memorial. In the mean time, Sir, the Lords of Institution are not able by their Authority to bring the States General to deliberate open some Assure; to do which it will be necessary that Pensionary Fases and the Deputies of the States General do consent before they look upon themselves obliged by the presentation of a Memorial. But as it was 205, 33 for to Answer the designs of the Lords of Ambigratus, that the States General should enter into a deliberation of what measures they should take: in case an accommodation should not be concluded betwiex your Majesty and Spain before the end of this Month.

We have sought after all expedients that might supply the desects of a Memorial, and they laid before me that I should yield; that the Deputies of the States General shoulding up in a conference with me: In the which a Friend of Amsterdam, one of the Holland Deputies should demand of me my Thoughts concerning what should happen, in case the Spaniar of should not accept some of your Majestias propositions before the end of Jan. from Spaniards thould not accept some of your Majesties propositions before the end of Jan. from whence he might find matter enough for the deliberation of the States General to me. I a-

We have fought after all expedients that might supply the desects of a Memorial and they laid before me that I should yield; that the Deputies of the States General should ling go in a conference with me: In the which a Friend of Amsterdam, one of the Holand Deputies should demand of me my Thoughts concerning what should happen, in case the Spaniards should not accept some of your Majestian propositions before the end of Jan. from whence he might find matter enough for the deliberation of the States General to me. I agreed, and the Lords of Amsterdam went immediately to desire two of the Deputies of the States General, that were most inclined to the interest of the P. of O. that they would accept of a Deputation, and it was to be demanded from me. To give an express Answer to the Complaints relating to the Ship called the Reagle; these were presently ready and glad that they saw the Lords of Amsterdam, willing to make Complaints against France, but others seeing further then they saw, that the design of the Lords of Amsterdam was nothing else but to get a Conference with me. This being their suspicion, was the cause that this expedient took no essentially in which the 'tates General found themselves to return me a Complaint ent, upon my giving them notice of the birth of the D. of Anjon did give us an opportunity of another expedient, which by the vigilance of the Lords of Amsterdam was not els serviceable to us than the former.

For upon such Occasion, there being no more than three Deputies appointed, it fell out suckily (all claces having their turns) to fall upon the Deputies of Helland, Freeland, and Groning ham; to come to me; so that the Lords of Amsterdam having throughly informed it e Lords of Frisland and Groning ham, and desired the aforesial two Lords to discourse with me in the same manner, that the Deputies of Amsterdam should have discoursed with me, in case the Deputation of the States General had been compleated, the three aforesial Deputies came yesterday to me, and gave me to understand how much the States General rejoyced in the happy Birth of the D of Amjon. After which the Deputies of Freesland and Groning ham began a Discourse of those Disturbances which might arise, in case the Spaniards hould pass by the Month of Jan. without effect. The Deputy of Holland, that had the Precedency declared that the Discourse that papened between us was of importance enough to be reported to the States General; and in regard to could not do it except leave in the init Writing, he therefore defined that I would put it into the form of a Memorial: answered him that he was notable right, if I had any thing to propose, or was to request any thing in the behalf of your Maissay, but the tame Deputation mind that it was not a request of your Maissay, and that it was soft a request of your Maissay, and that it was soft a request of your Maissay, and that it was not a request of them to examine what was most for them to a they knew it might be granted them, when the States General should think it matter of Advantage to them, and therefore I less to them to examine what was most for their Conveniency; and that I would give them surfaces are into debate before the States General but what came by way of Memorial; but that notwithstanding, when a Minister had discoursed with the Deputies of the States General to the popular of the states General but what the Deputies of the States General but what the Deputies of the States General will take t

Sir, notwithstanding all these precantions, the Lords of Anglerium dare not be consident that the States General will take this Assair into deliberation; for the Authority of the Post of and the direction of Pensianary Fagal is very great; which appears plain enough, for that the Lords of Anglerium could not prevail so far with the States General, as to take into deliberation the Memorials of the 5th of Novemb. and the 29 of Decemb. last which I present and the 19 of Decemb. Last which I present a Memorial at they also declared to me that they could wish that I would present a Memorial, though it were only to make publick the good inclinations of your Majesty to the Respublick alledging that the knowledge of what has been already done has had so considerable effects, that it is to be hoped they will have more when it comes to be spread abroad. They also instinuated to me that a Memorial might be so formed, as that the Proposals might seem no otherwise intended but to the advantage of the States General: As for Example,

That I having observed from several Discourses from the Members of this Government, the apprehensions they have of the Arms of your Majesty, in case the Spaniards should not come to an accommodation before the end of Jan. of which having the honour to give an account to your Majesty, and that your Majesty had given me order to declare to the States General that in case they remained as they were, and that they would send order to those Troops that were sent to assist the Spaniards, not to Act otherwise then for the desence of the Spaniar Grarisons, that then your Majesty, for the quieting of the Apprehensions of the States General, will promise and affure them to desil from further Attacks, and turn your Arms elsewhere; and that he would be contented only with quartering of Troops and raising of Contributions.

As to what concerns the Assurance which your Majesty expects from them, that they will not begin any new Levy; that is an Assir that must be discoursed by word of Mouth and not by Memorial; for that would look like meddling with their Government; but it will be enough to say before them, that they continue in the condition in which they are, and such other Matters as may be convenient, and then they will sooner think of the Cashiering of Troops, than raising more. The Lords of Amsterdam have extreamly pressed me to obtain this permission from your Majesty, assuring me, that they will not be wanting, that it shall obtain its end: They have also assured me there is hardly a day passes, but they gain some of the Cities of Holland to their Sentiments, and that they have just now obtained the like from one of the Principal, and that they are using all endeavours to bring the Spaniards

Spaniards to an Accommodation, which if they cannot obt in, that then uch methods should be used as was proposed for the Peace and Security of the Netherlands, and that they hobed that the Provinces of Friezland and Groningham will come over to their Sentiments, and therefore defired me to discourse with some of their Deputies, that they may continue fledfaft.

Sir, I can affure your Majesty, That the Lords of Amsterdam have been wanting in nothing on their part, and that they are not wanting in their endeavours with other Cities:

But, Sir, I must not torget to lay before your Majesty, That some of the Members of this State have made difficulty to allow your Majesty to come with Militiary Execution upon the open Countrey of the Spainifb Netherland, for that being done, it will be impossible for those Provinces to maintain themselves, they being deprived of sublistance; and that it will tend immediately to the taking away of the Barriere.

In case the ways through Flanders had been secure, I should not have taken the freedom to have fent this Parquet by a Courier; but because I could not have written till Thesiday by the way of Liege, I thought it a matter of greater importance then to defer it till d day, from giving your Majesty Account of Astairs in this Countrey; for that it appears to me to be a Matter of so great a Concern, that your Majesty be exactly informed thereof. In case the Dispositions which I perceive in the Minds of leople do not suddenly change.

this Affair in a few days will come to a great extremity. Your Majesty well knows that in the beginning the Prince of Grange endeavouted to win those of Amfterdam to confent to the Levies, but not obtaining his end, he would refolve it in the Affembly of the States of Holland; notwithstanding the opposition of the Lords of Amsterdam; there was in the beginning but one City that declared they could not confent, that a Matter of fo great importance should be brought to a Refolution without a general consent: The Prince of Orange statter'd himself that he could bring that City to agree with the rest, and so have concluded the Matter. But the Lords of Amsterdam being animated by the goodness of your Majesty, declared towards them, and being strengthened by those Methods laid before them, were not contented only to refuse their Levies, but inveyed severely against them, and have made fo great an Interest in many of the Cities, that leveral of them are come over to their Sentiments.

And thus your Majesty may see how this Matter continued for some time; the Prince of Orange not being able to beer the Affront any longer, after four days entred upen a desperate Resolution for considering that there were more Cities in Holland that gave their confent for the Levies, notwithstanding the opolition of Amfrerdam, then those against it, he took a Refolgtion, to cause all the Ciries to give their Voices; and though there might be fix or feventhat might agree with Amfterdam in the fame Sentiment , yet he intended

to conclude the Levies by pluralities of Voices.

But 'tis believed his principal Design was to save his Reputation abroad, by causing the faid Levies to be resolved on, against the consent of Amsterdam; it being well known in this Countrey, that Pensionary Fagell can come to what Conclusion he pleases, though against the Constitution of the Republick, when affilled by the power of the Prince of Orange; and it is as well known that he can have no great advantage by this Resolution, for that no man will venture to lend money to the Solicitors for the advancing, of these Levies. And this is the Sent ment of the P. of o. which hedeclared to the Heer van Haren; whom he alfo told, that he would come to this Resolution the next Week: but though this Resolution may be of little profit to the Prince of Orange, yet in other respects it may be of great advantage to him, either by reason of those great Divisions that will be made in the State, or by pleasing the Marquis De Graza, hereby to make Spain believe that the Hollanders will fend great Supplies to them, and that the Amfterdamers use endeavours to prevent it.

Sir, As for me, I hope that for the same reason that makes me fear the Lords of Amsterdam will not be able to obtain any thing against the will of the Prince of Orange, that the States Geweral will not have cause to complain of your Majesty concerning the Assurance desired of them; that the Prince of Orange should not be able to gain his end in raising the Levies against the will of Amsterdam; and in case he pursues his Resolution, it will soon appear that it will be to little purpose, for that it will be easier both for one and the other side to traverse each other in their Sentiments, then to cause them to take effect.

I must say this further to your Majesty, That Monsieur Paes, and others of the same Sentiment have re-assumed Courage, and to d their Friends that they had not flattered them In acquaining them with what; our Majesty hath done in Flanders of Good 186, and yet less. That the Lords of Amfterdam have had Resolution enough; and for certain, in ca'e the Prince of Orange shall attempt any thing by violence, he will meet with more oppositions

than he im gines.

Sir, This is that which obliges me to represent to your Majesty. That I cannot so easily and speedily as formerly, have the honour of your Majesty first prelating to Affairs that may accidentally happen; and in case your Majesty shall think good to give me any Orders tending to your service, with permission to execute the same a occasion requires, they may be of great use for the supporting of those of Amsterdam to the upon such Expedients as they shall propose me, that so your Majesty might not be at a loss to present a Memorial in case of necessary, but if not, yet to desire a Conserence with the States General, who will immediately send their Deputies to discourse with me in this Affair: and in pursuance of this Conserence, I would deliver over in writing what has been discoursed between us which would be a means to palliate the matter, for the Lords of Amsterdam are not a little a larged at the presented coming over of a 136, and do say that it is anothing else but to a majer these propositions to them; and there is anothing the states of them that so there is no him else to them that so there is no him as your proceedings, and that is a making all more advantage the agreed your Majesty, then to show them that so there is no him the state of them that so there is no him to the personal than the state of the short of the other than the state of the state of the short of the other than the state of the state of the short of the other than the state of the short of the other than the state of the short of the other than the state of the short of the other than the state of the short of the other than the state of the short of the other than the state of the short of the other than the state of the short of the other than the state of the short of the short of the other than the state of the short of the short of the other than the state of the short of the

V Cop of a Litter from Montieur de Saint Disdiet to Montieur de Mesmes.

Here hath bin here no Alterstions ince have had the honour of Writing to you by Carlell, I had also two days ago the same honour of Writing to you by the way of Liege. The Lords of Amsterdam do their endeavours, and Monsieur D'Avanx so manages his Assairs as to obtain his ends; and in case Assairs cannot be brought to succeed according to our wishes, it must be imputed to the great opposition we meet with. In the mean time we can promise our selves that these Assairs will not come much short of our delires; as for me I make it too much my interest as well in Relation of my Station, as to the bonour of Mounsieur D'Avanx, as to wish that all things may come to a happy! sue.

Sir, your most humble and obedient Servant, Saint Dissier.

The Copy of a Letter to Monlieur de Melmes 9th Jan. 1684.

A Ffairs here are brought to a great extremity, and I do forefee they will grow more difficult.

It is not likely that anything can be obtained in the midst of these disorders against the will of the Prince of Orange, but the Lords of Amsterdam will never consent to the Leviess. It is believed he will do it in Opposition to them, which we must expect.

A Copy of a Letter from Father Limoion to the Reverend Father Grenier at Marseilles, Ditea at the HAGUE, Second of January, 1684.

Most Reverend Father and Master,

The ff irs of State in these parts is to prevent the United Provinces from proceeding in the levies, that so the King may the rest Compaigne make himself Master of the Spirish Netherlands, we flutter them here with illusory Promises: for in all probability withinfour Months we shall have a Bloody War.

FINIS.

